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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/646,901	08/22/2003	Aaron James Gannon	H00035701623	1338	
128 HONEYWELI	7590 02/22/2008 LINTERNATIONAL INC.	EXAM	EXAMINER		
101 COLUMBIA ROAD .			NGUYEN	NGUYEN, PHU K	
P O BOX 2245 MORRISTOW	N, NJ 07962-2245	·	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)	Applicant(s)	
Office Action Summary		10/646,901	GANNON, AARO	ION, AARON JAMES	
		Examiner	Art Unit		
		Phu K. Nguyen	2628		
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence ac	idress	
A SHO WHIC - Exter after - If NO - Failu Any r	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE asions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. Period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period of the to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute eply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing and patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be the state of	ON. imely filed in the mailing date of this of ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).		
Status					
2a) <u></u>	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>13 Ar</u> This action is FINAL . 2b) This Since this application is in condition for allowar closed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, p		e merits is	
Dispositi	on of Claims				
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□	Claim(s) 1-4,8-24 and 28-44 is/are pending in (4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) 1-4, 8-24, 28-44 is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	wn from consideration.			
Applicati	on Papers				
10)	The specification is objected to by the Examine The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) according a confident may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct The oath or declaration is objected to by the Example.	epted or b) objected to by the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. So ion is required if the drawing(s) is o	ee 37 CFR 1.85(a). bjected to. See 37 C		
Priority u	inder 35 U.S.C. § 119				
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.					
			HU K. NGU RIMARY EXA GPOUP 2	AMINER	
2) Notic 3) Inform	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summar Paper No(s)/Mail I 5) Notice of Informal 6) Other:			

The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

Claims 1-4, 8-24, 28-44 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the written description requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention.

In claim 1, the original specification does not provide the support for the claimed feature "changing the relative size of the selected zoom point" (line 8). Mathematically speaking, a point has no size; therefore, the claimed change of its relative size is confusing. Furthermore, it appears that Applicant's disclosure provides a changing in the relative distance of the selected zoom point to a central point and the displayed area edge point (page 9), but not a changing in relative size.

In claim 21, the original specification does not provide the support for the claimed feature "changing the relative size of the selected zoom point" (lines 9-10).

Mathematically speaking, a point has no size; therefore, the claimed change of its relative size is confusing. Furthermore, it appears that Applicant's disclosure provides a changing in the relative distance of the selected zoom point to a central point and the displayed area edge point (page 9), but not a changing in relative size.

In claim 41, the original specification does not provide the support for the claimed feature "changing the relative size of the selected zoom point" (line 7). Mathematically

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speaking, a point has no size; therefore, the claimed change of its relative size is confusing. Furthermore, it appears that Applicant's disclosure provides a changing in the relative distance of the selected zoom point to a central point and the displayed area edge point (page 9), but not a changing in relative size.

In claim 43, the original specification does not provide the support for the claimed feature "changing the relative size of the selected zoom point" (lines 8-9).

Mathematically speaking, a point has no size; therefore, the claimed change of its relative size is confusing. Furthermore, it appears that Applicant's disclosure provides a changing in the relative distance of the selected zoom point to a central point and the displayed area edge point (page 9), but not a changing in relative size.

The remaining claims are dependent upon the claims 1, 21, 41, and 43; therefore, they are rejected under the same reason.

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 1-4, 8-24, 28-44 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

In claim 1, "the image edge point" (line 5) has no antecedent basic as Applicant has not defined any means of such "image edge point." It appears that the image edge point should be defined as an intersection between the straight zoom line (or the line connecting the selected zoom point and a central point) and an edge of the display

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area. Furthermore, in a special case when the selected zoomed point is picked at the position of the central point, the straight zoom line can be any line passing through the common position of the selected zoom point and the central point, and then the figure 9 of Lee reference may have a certain relation. To overcome this and to consistent with the original Disclosure, the selected zoom point and the central point should be claimed as distinct so the straight zoom line is clearly defined.

In claim 21, "the image edge point" (line 12) has no antecedent basic as

Applicant has not defined any means of such "image edge point." It appears that the
image edge point should be defined as an intersection between the straight zoom line
(or the line connecting the selected zoom point and a central point) and an edge of the
display area. Furthermore, in a special case when the selected zoomed point is picked
at the position of the central point, the straight zoom line can be any line passing
through the common position of the selected zoom point and the central point, and then
the figure 9 of Lee reference may have a certain relation. To overcome this and to
consistent with the original Disclosure, the selected zoom point and the central point
should be claimed as distinct so the straight zoom line is clearly defined.

In claim 41, "an edge point on the display area that is closest to the selected zoom point" (lines 9-10) is confusing because the three points (the selected zoom point, the central point, and the edge point) are likely not on the same straight line. It appears that the image edge point should be defined as an intersection between the straight zoom line (or the line connecting the selected zoom point and a central point) and an edge of the display area. Furthermore, in a special case when the selected zoomed

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point is picked at the position of the central point, the straight zoom line can be any line passing through the common position of the selected zoom point and the central point, and then the figure 9 of Lee reference may have a certain relation. To overcome this and to consistent with the original Disclosure, the selected zoom point and the central point should be claimed as distinct so the straight zoom line is clearly defined.

In claim 43, "an edge point on the display area that is closest to the selected zoom point" (lines 11-12) is confusing because the three points (the selected zoom point, the central point, and the edge point) are likely not on the same straight line. It appears that the image edge point should be defined as an intersection between the straight zoom line (or the line connecting the selected zoom point and a central point) and an edge of the display area. Furthermore, in a special case when the selected zoomed point is picked at the position of the central point, the straight zoom line can be any line passing through the common position of the selected zoom point and the central point, and then the figure 9 of Lee reference may have a certain relation. To overcome this and to consistent with the original Disclosure, the selected zoom point and the central point should be claimed as distinct so the straight zoom line is clearly defined.

The remaining claims are rejected since they are dependent upon the rejected claims.

Due to a new ground of rejection, this action has been made NON-FINAL.

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Phu K. Nguyen whose telephone number is (571) 272 7645. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 8:00-4:30.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Michael Razavi can be reached on (571) 272 7664. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Phu K. Nguyen February 10, 2008 PHU K. NGUYEN RIMARY EXAMINER GPOUP 2300